FIRST SIGHT RECORD OF BUCK-CRESTED BULBUL PYCNONOTUS MELANICTERUS ON BALI

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On 18 April, 1986 at approximately 08.30, a small foraging flock of Pycnonotus melanicterus was observed; to our present knowledge, this species is hitherto unrecorded on Ball (34 references, including unpublished data and personal coomunications). The species was encountered on a mountain spur along the Tukad Salak river, some 2.5 km south-west of Tukad Suinoga village, near Celukanbawang in north-west Ball (approximate co-ordinates 114°51" E, 8°14' S). The birds foraged on foliage insects in the rather dense canopy of mainly undisturbed sub-montane rainforest at an altitude of 400 m (Thommen altineter). The birds were observed by means of one 10 x 25 and one 7 x 50 binocular for about 20 minutes. Observation distance varied between some 10 and 30 m and light conditions were favourable. We had the opportunity to record the flock-calls with an unidirectional stereo microphone on a simple cassette recorder; total recording was 4 minutes, 16 seconds. The calls are expressed as 'tee-tee-wheet-wheet", 'whit-wheet-wit' and various combinations of these elements.

The following field description was made: crested bulbul; head black; chin and upper throat bright red; rest of throat, breast and flanks saturated yellow; belly and vent greyish-yellow; upperparts olive; tail square and olive-brown; eye or iris grey. The only other black-headed bulbul, Pycnonotus_atriceps, was present nearby. The first author is familiar with both species on Java. Confusion can be safely excluded. When the recordings were played to a solitary caged P. melanicterus, this bird showed immediate response in attentive behaviour and calls, yet the bird had hardly ever uttered a sound previously and showed no response whatsoever when other tapes were played with vocalization of randomly chosen other species or music, both before and after the melanicterus recordings.

As Ball is now comparatively well covered by ornithologists (Hartert 1896, Stresemann 1913, von Plessen 1926, Rensch 1928, 1930, 1931, Bali-Expedition 1937-1938, Ash 1984), the species appears to be either very rare on Bali, or has very local occurrence in the largely neglected sub-montane forests.

This observation was made during a search for the Bali Starling *Leucopsar* rothschildi sponsored by the International Council for Bird preservation, Cambridge, UK.

Ringkasan

Sekelompok kecil burung *Pycnonotus melanicterus* yang sedang mencari makan dapat diaroati pada 1k. jam 08.30 tanggal 18 April 1986 di jalan setapak sepanjang sungai Tukad Salak pada ketinggian 400 m dpi. 1k. 2,5 km baratdaya Tukad Sumoga dekat Celukbawang di sebelah barat-laut pulau Bali. Suara panggilan kelompok burung ini direkam selama 4 menit 16 sekon. *P. atriceps*, yang juga berbulu hitam di kepalanya, ada didekatnya. pengamatan ini, merupakan catatan pertama ditemukannya *P. melanicterus* di Pulau Bali.

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